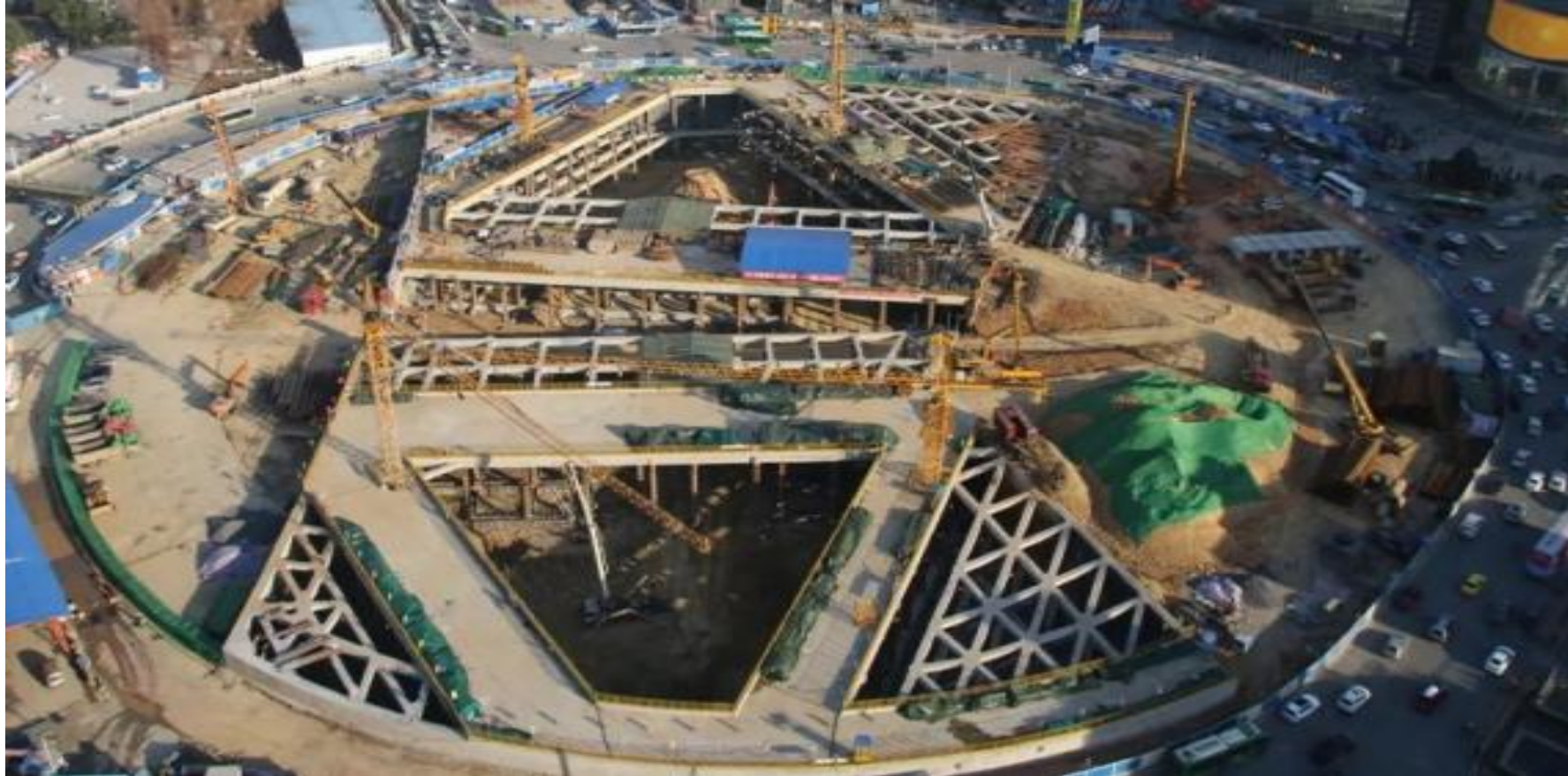


Foundation pit Monitoring Solution



SOUTH Deformation monitoring team was founded in 2007, with more than 10 years development, monitoring team now have 200+ people, more than 600 project experiences.

Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

◆ Profile of foundation pit monitoring

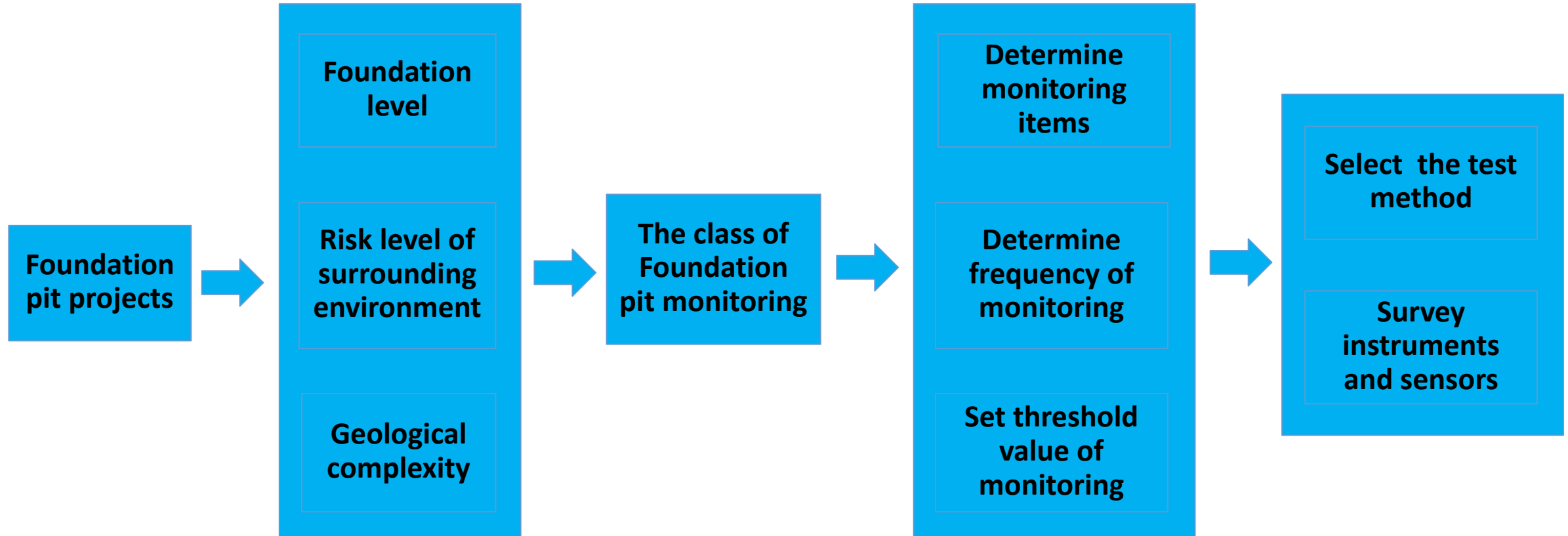


The foundation pit is the space dug down from ground for the construction of the underground part of the building. Foundation pit monitoring refers to the inspection, measurement, and monitoring of foundation pit and its surrounding during the construction and using period

The main purpose of foundation pit monitoring are as follow:

- Effective monitoring for Foundation pit supporting system and surrounding.
- Provide the parameters for the digitalization construction.
- Verify the design parameter of foundation pit and the construction.

◆ Foundation pit monitoring Workflow



◆ Foundation pit construction site

Construction technology of foundation pit roughly include 9 types: step slope excavation, Soil Mixing Wall, drilled filling pile, soil nailing wall, ... etc. The monitoring items are slightly different in different projects.



Step-slope excavation



Diaphragm wall



Soil Mixing Wall



Drilled filling pile

◆ Monitoring Items

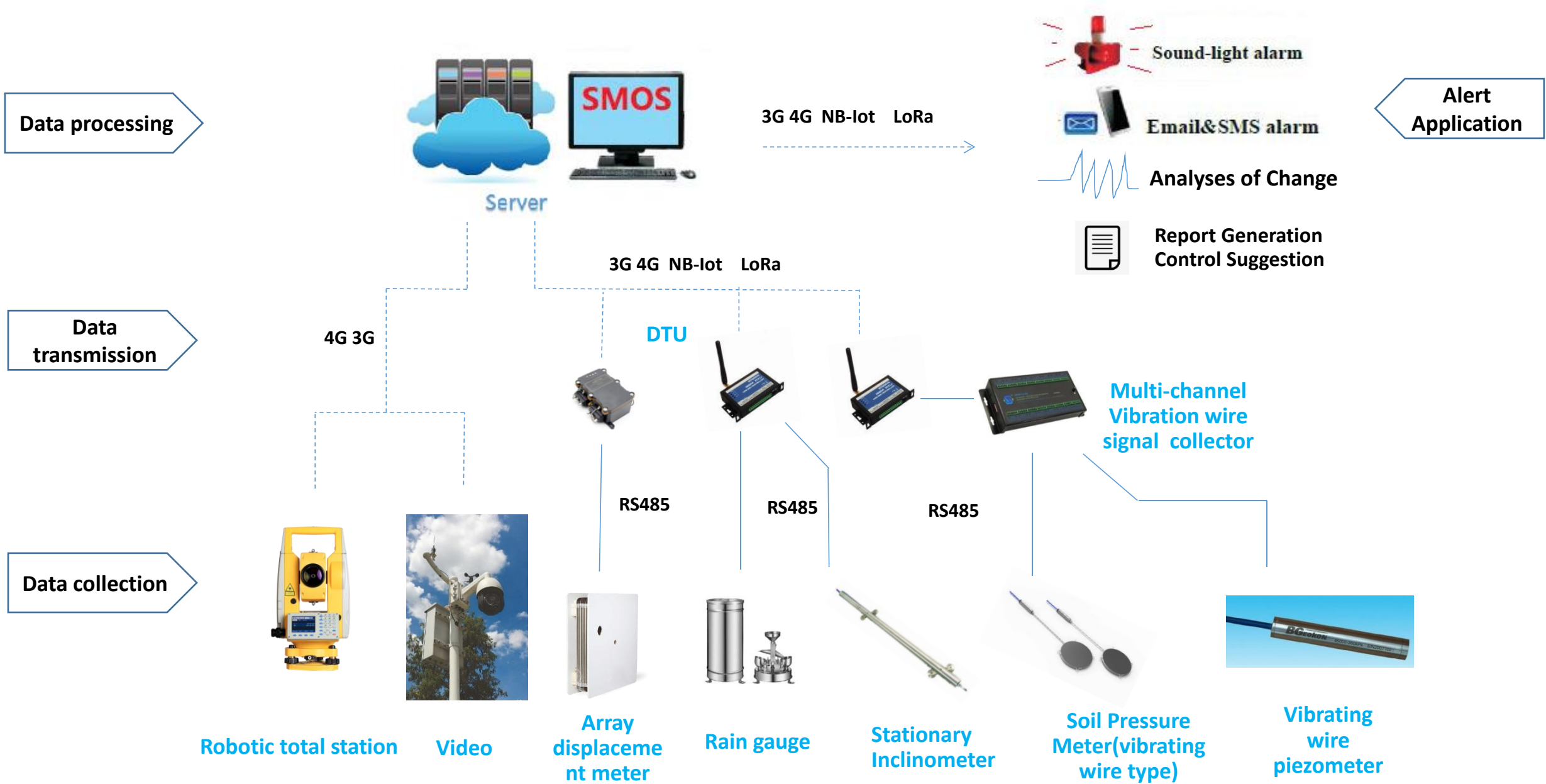
The items of foundation pit monitoring are as below. Generally, Manual and automatic methods are adopted for foundation pit monitoring.

Monitoring Objects	Monitoring Items
Foundation pit supporting structure	Horizontal displacement
	Vertical displacement
	Displacement of depth clay mass
	Stress and strain
Rock and soil	Underground water level
	Displacement of depth clay mass
	Soil pressure
Surroundings	Horizontal displacement
	Vertical displacement

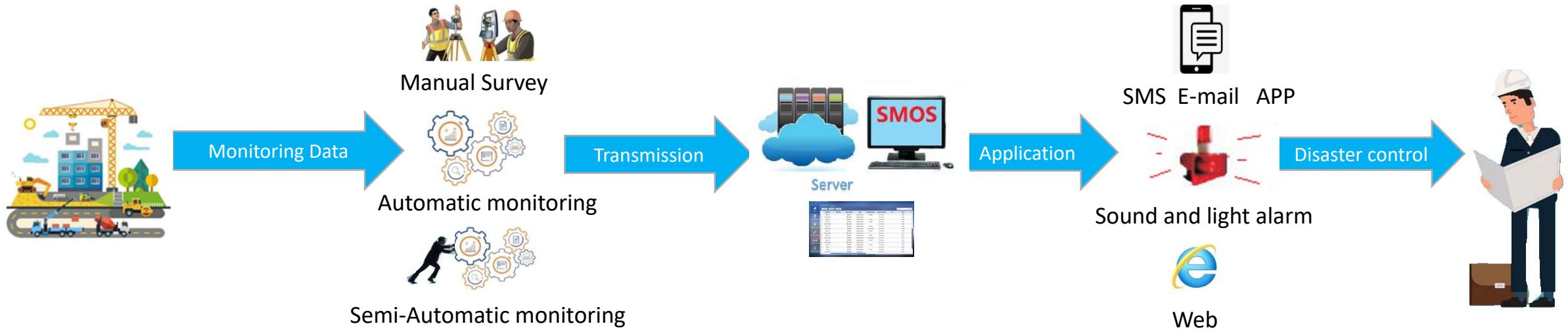
◆ Monitoring Items and Related Equipment

Monitoring Items	Automatic Monitoring Instruments	Monitoring Items	Automatic Monitoring Instruments
Ground Displacement of enclosure wall top	Robotic Total Station	Vertical Displacement of enclosure wall top	Robotic Total Station and electric level
Displacement of depth clay mass	Stationary inclinometer, Array displacement meter	Underground Water	Water Level Sensor
Internal force of enclosure wall	Stress-strain of concrete	Internal force	Stress-strain gauge for rebar and concrete
Anchor internal force	Anchor dynamometer	Surrounding ground subsidence	Stationary inclinometer
Surrounding buildings subsidence	Tilt sensor, Hydrostatic Level	Deformation of surrounding pipeline	Manual detection

◆ The frame of monitoring system



◆ Workflow



Application Field

- ◆ Geological Disaster
- ◆ Bridge health
- ◆ Foundation Pit
- ◆ Dam safety
- ◆ Tailing Pond
- ◆ Highway Slope
- ◆ Tunnel

- Monitoring Units
- Construction Organization
- Natural resource Dept.
- Regulators
- Electrical power

Monitoring items Access

 GNSS	 Robotic Total station	 Electric level	 Rain of environment
 Inclinometer	 Stress and strain	 Crack	 Vibration

◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Key Points

Horizontal Displacement of enclosure wall top

Vertical displacement of enclosure wall top

Deep horizontal displacement of enclosure structure

Shaft internal force monitoring

Level of underground Water

Surrounding constructions subsidence

Stand column settlement



◆ **Monitoring Sensors for Supporting Structure**



Vibrating wire
Reinforcement meter



Anchor cable
dynamometer



Axial force meter



Soil pressure sensor



Hydrostatic Level



Vibrating wire crack gauge



Array displacement
meter



Robotic Total
Station



Multi-channel Vibrating
wire signal acquisition

◆ **Monitoring Sensors for Supporting Structure**

Ground Displacement



Robotic total station
Semi-automatic
collection or automatic
monitoring by SMOS

Total Station

Settle Monitoring



Electrical level
+APP information
collection

Electronic Level

**Vertical Displacement
of depth clay mass**



Tilt sensors +Collection
Terminal
Automatic monitoring

Stationary Inclinometer

Underground Water



Osmometer
collected terminal
Automatic monitoring

Water Level Sensor

Stress-strain



Sensors collection
terminal
Automatic
monitoring

Frequency Meter

◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Horizontal and vertical displacement

1. 24 hours automatically collecting unattended operation.
2. Real time three-dimensional synchronous monitoring, solved the problem that can't synchronously monitor the horizontal and vertical displacement.
3. Repeated monitoring delay function (when some monitoring points are blocked, repeated monitoring can be made for the points) .
4. Complete the monitoring task with high efficiency.

Robotic total station with SMOS hardware and prisms



◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Horizontal and vertical displacement

1. After setting monitoring station, it can survey by one key, so it's able to greatly improved the collection efficiency.
2. Reduced the error of manual intervention, improved the survey accuracy.
3. The monitoring equipment can be taken back after work. It avoids the risk of theft and damage.
4. Just one set can be used on different projects. service efficiency will be improved.



Total station



Prism

Robotic total station with APP and prisms



◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Vertical displacement

Electronic level with controller and leveling rod, match up with the mobile controller, the collected data can be recorded directly, data can be upload to platform by one key. Data calculation in second level , settlement observation data can be checked without data export and post processing which can save time. Whole efficiency is improved.



Electronic level



◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

High accuracy vertical displacement monitoring

1. Hydrostatic leveling is adopted to monitoring the vertical displacement, it can collect the settlement data of targets and transmit the data by smart wireless transmission module in a fixed time.
2. Hydrostatic leveling is suitable for monitoring settlement of buildings around the foundation pit. This monitoring way is affected by surroundings, such as the surrounding temperature, pipeline of hydrostatic leveling whether is intact. So pipeline must be protected to avoid the external interference.



Hydrostatic leveling



Automatic Inclinometer : It is able to monitor the horizontal displacement of depth clay mass

1. Automatic inclinometer includes current micro displacement sensor, and high sensitive stress sensor.

2. Without pre-embedded inclinometer pipe, this embedded way is high success rate. When adopt the pre-embedded inclinometer pipe way to operate, the sensor can cycle use to reduce the cost, it can realize automatic measurement of soil-mass's depth displacement.



Automatic inclinometer



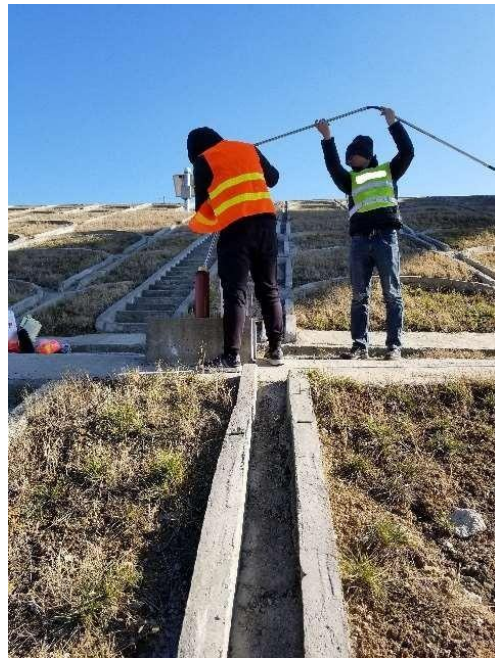
◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Array displacement meter

It's a new and smart three-dimensional deformation monitoring sensor, which is suitable for different field. Mainly applied in omnidirectional deformation (displacement) monitoring of three dimensional space. It is mainly applied in geologic disaster monitoring, foundation pit monitoring, hydropower dams monitoring, tunnel convergence, settlement monitoring and other deformation monitoring.



Array displacement meter



◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Tacking type automatic wireless water level gauge

1. Tacking type automatic wireless water level gauge measured the water level via measuring the change values of water resistance, changed value of water level was measured by servo motor in real time, and the measured values were transmitted by 4G mobile network .
2. High accuracy, it can transmit in real time, measuring without water quality effect, it can automatically measure.



Tacking type automatic wireless water level gauge



◆ Foundation pit Monitoring Solution

Smart wireless data collection terminal

1. Smart wireless data collection terminal mainly applied in data automatic collection and wireless transmission of multiple sensors, the field collected data is transmitted in real time by the wireless network.
2. Four vibrating wire sensors and one RS485 sensor can be connected by each Smart wireless data collection terminal , there is no leader-member relation between the terminals, realize the data independently collect and transmit.
3. The terminal can response the functional command comes from server, can transmit the recording data from each channel of the sensors, and report the position and the identification information synchronously.
4. Can realize the ultra long standby with the low power consumption, if configure the solar panel for it, it' able to collect data for long term



Smart wireless data
collection terminal



Automatic deformation monitoring solution

South deformation monitoring solution is a fully automatic monitoring system based on advanced IOT technology, which is compatible with conventional monitoring solutions. It can achieve real-time and effective dynamic analysis and safety early alert of the monitoring target by various means, improve the accuracy and credibility of the monitoring data while reducing the workload of personal.

Solved pain points that man-made more factors in conventional monitoring and automatic monitoring.

Using sensors to monitor the targets (include geologic disasters, highway & railway slope, foundation pit, dam safety, trailing pond, bridges health, tunnel...etc.) for all-weather automatic real-time monitoring. Transmit all status and data of monitoring targets to the data processing center in real time by various wired or wireless network technology. To complete analysis, judgment, alert. Terminal devices can passively receive the alert information, also can actively log in the platform to acquire various status and data of monitoring targets, which is the basis for decision-making.



Road Slope Monitoring



Geological Disaster monitoring



Dam Monitoring



Tailings pond Monitoring



Foundation Pit Monitoring



Bridge health Monitoring

◆ SMOS Different Modules

The screenshot displays the SMOS software interface with a dark sidebar on the left containing menu items. The main area features a grid of project modules, each with a representative image and a title in Chinese. The modules include: 1. A long tunnel with overhead lighting. 2. A large construction pit with a yellow excavator. 3. An aerial view of a large-scale construction site with multiple structures. 4. A 3D perspective view of a tunnel's internal structure. 5. A 2D site plan or map. 6. A construction site with a circular foundation pit. 7. A traditional Chinese building. 8. A close-up of a control panel with red lights and buttons.

Select the appropriate modules according to the project type (foundation pit, highway slope, bridge, tunnel and other constructions), also can administrate the multiple projects in the mega projects

Software South monitoring system (SMOS)



SMOS software includes different functional modules to meet the user's demand, geological disaster, highway & railway slope, foundation pit, dam, trailing pond, bridge health, tunnel...etc.

◆ Software interface

The screenshot displays the SMOS software interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: 3D, Info. manage, monitor manage, alert manage, system manage, Permission, DB Manage, user manage, and role manage. The main area shows a 'user manage' table with columns for NO., User name, userAccount, currentDb, currentRole, and Operation. Below the table, there are two overlapping windows: one showing a 'History Data' chart with multiple colored lines and markers, and another showing a 'scatterDiagram' with red data points. A 'dataTableDisplay' window is also visible, showing a table with columns for device name, -X(N), -Y(E), -H(V), and Time.

NO.	User name	userAccount	currentDb	currentRole	Operation
1	Simon	Simon	127.0.0.1:33061:smos_server_v3	3.0普通人员	dbConfig, roleConfig, Forbidden, Edit, Delete
2			127.0.0.1:33061:smos.s		dbConfig, roleConfig, Forbidden, Edit
3					
4					
5					

Multi-user management

Powerful Data analysis and chart show

Software South monitoring system (SMOS)



◆ Software interface

The image displays two overlapping screenshots of the SMOS software interface. The top screenshot shows the 'alert manage / alert Value' page, featuring a sidebar with navigation options like 'Prediction', 'data comparison', and 'Report Info'. The main area includes a table with columns for 'NO.', 'Name', 'moduleNam', 'device name', 'alerThreshol', 'aleLevel', 'alertType', 'alertmethod', 'alertNumbe', and 'Operation'. A table entry is visible with values: NO. 119, Name SOUTH-TEST, moduleNam GNSS, device name TR-PWL1, alerThreshol 2, aleLevel 4, alertType 静态平面, alertmethod cumulativeC, and alertNumbe 1. The bottom screenshot shows the 'monitor manage / Report Info / data report' page, which includes a 'Template Preview' window. This window displays a table with columns for '工点编号', '工点名称', '设备名称', '时间', '漫润终值(a)', '水位高程(a)', '水位值(a)', '温度(℃)', '压强', and '电压(v)'. The text '模板一' (Template 1) is overlaid on the table. Another 'Template Preview' window is partially visible below it, showing a table with columns for '报警名称', '时间', '报警类型', '报警量(a)', '水位高程(a)', '报警级别', and '报警值', with the text '模板二' (Template 2) overlaid.

Smart alert model

User define report export

Thanks!